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IN THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- 1. (currently amended) Stabilised superparamagnetic particles comprising superparamagnetic single domain particles of iron hydroxide or iron oxihydrate or iron oxides or iron mixed oxide or iron having a particle size ranging between 2 and 50 nanometers, or aggregates thereof particle size ranging between 10 and 1000 nanometers, or mixtures thereof, respectively stabilised on their surface by means of aliphatic dicarbon or polycarbon acids or derivatives thereof, which stabilised acids or derivatives aggregation and sedimentation in characterised in that wherein the superparamagnetic single domain particles carry charged ions of chemical elements bonded to their surface.
- 2. (currently amended) The particles Particles according to Claim 1 wherein the ions are positively charged metal ions selected from the group consisting of ions of the chemical elements copper, silver, gold, iron, nickel, cobalt, gallium, thallium, bismuth, palladium, rhenium, ruthenium, platinum, technetium, indium, iridium, osmium, selenium, vanadium, yttrium, radium, zirconium, rare earths, mixtures of said positively charged metal ions and radioactive isotopes of said elements.

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- 3. (currently amended) <u>The particles</u> <u>Particles</u> according to Claim 2 wherein the metal ions are selected from the group of radioactive isotopes consisting of ⁵²Fe, ⁶⁷Ga, ^{99m}Tc, ¹¹³in, ¹⁸⁸Rh, ¹⁹²Ir, ¹⁹⁸Au, ²⁰¹Tl and ²²³Ra.
- 4. (currently amended) The particles Particles according to Claim 2 wherein the positively charged metal ions are selected from the group consisting of metal ions of the chemical elements copper, silver, gold, platinum, palladium, osmium, rhenium, rhodium, ruthenium, vanadium and mixtures of said metal ions.
- 5. (currently amended) The particles Particles according to Claim 1 wherein the charged ions are non-metal ions which non-metal ions are bonded by means of a polyethylenimine bridge to the surface of the superparamagnetic single domain particles.
- 6. (currently amended) <u>The particles</u> <u>Particles</u> according to Claim 5, wherein the charged ions are those of the radioactive isotopes ¹³N, ¹⁵O, ¹⁸F, ¹²³J or mixtures of said radioactive isotopes.
- 7. (currently amended) <u>The particles</u> Particles according to Claim 1 wherein the superparamagnetic single domain particles are stabilised on their surface by means of malic

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acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, aspartic acid or mixtures thereof.

- 8. (currently amended) The particles Particles according to wherein the superparamagnetic single particles and the particles of the stable and degradable aggregates comprise iron, iron hydroxide, iron oxihydrate, γ -Fe₂O₃, Fe₃O₄, the iron mixed oxides of the general formula mMO.nFe₂O₃ wherein M refers to the bivalent metal ions Fe, Co, Ni, Mn, Be, Mg, Ca, Ba, Sr, Cu, Zn, Pt or mixtures of said bivalent metal ions or comprise the mixed oxides of the general formula mFe₂O₃.nMe₂O₃ wherein Me refers to the trivalent metal ions Al, Cr, Bi, rare earths or mixtures thereof wherein m and n are whole numbers ranging from 1 to 6.
- 9. (currently amended) The particles Particles according to Claim 1 wherein the superparamagnetic single domain particles comprise on their surface in addition to the stabilising carbon acids and the positively charged ions of chemical elements a tissue-specific bonding substance or a pharmacologically active substance or a mixture of said tissue-specific bonding substance or a pharmacologically active substance.
- 10. (currently amended) <u>The particles</u> Particles according to Claim 1 one of the Claims 1 to 9 wherein the R_1 -relaxivity

of the superparamagnetic single domain particles lies in the range from 2 to 50 and the ratio of the relaxivities R_2/R_1 is less than 5.

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11. (currently amended) A method Method for the manufacture of stabilised superparamagnetic particles comprising superparamagnetic single domain particles of iron hydroxide or iron oxihydrate or iron oxides or iron mixed oxide or iron having a particle size ranging between 2 and nanometers, or aggregates thereof having a particle size 1000 nanometers, ranging between 10 and or thereof, respectively stabilised on their surface by means of aliphatic dicarbon or polycarbon acids or derivatives thereof, which stabilised acids or derivatives prevent an aggregation and sedimentation in gravity, according to Claim 1 from carbon acid-stabilised single domain particles or their aggregates which comprises

mixing the stabilised superparamagnetic single domain particles and aggregates or mixtures thereof with solutions containing ions of chemical elements wherein the concentration of the solutions lies in the range from 0.001 millimolar to 1 molar and wherein further the ratio of ions of chemical elements to iron is <10 mol-% and wherein the temperature is 5 to 70 °C and

subsequently <u>ridding</u> the particle dispersion is rid of excess ions.

12. (currently amended) The method according to Claim 11 wherein for the manufacture of stabilised particles with non-metal ions before mixing with the superparamagnetic particles the solutions having the non-metal ions are brought into contact with a polyethylenimine or the superparamagnetic particles treated with polyethylenimine are brought into contact with solutions that contain non-metal ions.

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- 13. (currently amended) A pharmacologically Pharmacologically active comprising preparation a pharmacologically acceptable carrier and superparamagnetic single domain particles of iron hydroxide or iron oxihydrate or iron oxides or iron mixed oxide or iron having a particle size ranging between 2 and 50 nanometers, or aggregates thereof having a particle size ranging between 10 nanometers, or mixtures thereof, respectively according to Claim 1 to which particles or aggregates are bonded stabilising aliphatic dicarbon or polycarbon acids derivatives thereof, which stabilising aliphatic dicarbon or polycarbon acids or derivatives prevent an aggregating and sedimenting in gravity and which additionally carry positively charged ions of chemical elements bonded to their surface.
- 14. (currently amended) The preparation Preparation according to Claim 13 wherein the single domain particles of the aggregates comprise coupled to the stabilising carbon

acid(s) in addition to the stabilising carbon acid and the metal ions a tissue-specific bonding substance or a pharmacologically active substance or a mixture of said tissue-specific bonding substance or a pharmacologically active substance.

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15. (currently amended) A method for Use of the stabilised superparamagnetic particles according to Claim 1 as bacteriostatic or radiopharmaceutical agent for the purpose of tumour destruction for the prevention of restenosis, for the combating of inflammatory diseases, for the control of organ functions, for the purpose of magnetic MR contrast targeting, oras agents, as magnetic exchangers and magnetic adsorbents for separation procedures, or for in vitro diagnosis using the manufacture of extremely small metal particles as magnetic particles for in vitro diagnosis, optionally under the action of magnetic fields, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a bacteriostatic radiopharmaceutical amount of stabilised superparamagnetic particles comprising superparamagnetic single particles of iron hydroxide or iron oxihydrate or iron oxides or iron mixed oxide or iron having a particle size ranging between 2 and 50 nanometers, or aggregates thereof having a particle size ranging between 10 and 1000 nanometers, or mixtures thereof, respectively stabilised on their surface by means of aliphatic dicarbon or polycarbon U.S. Application No.: NEW

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acids or derivatives thereof, which stabilised acids or derivatives prevent an aggregation and sedimentation in gravity, and wherein the superparamagnetic single domain particles carry charged ions of chemical elements bonded to their surface.